Exercise 2: Analysing a Reform

Programming, running, and analysing a policy reform

# Objectives

* Copy and paste a policy system.
* Introduce a simple policy reform to the copied policy system.
* Assess the redistributive effects of the reform.

# Directions

In this exercise we will raise the value of the child benefit applicable for the first child in the UK in 2026 by £10 per week and use the Statistics Presenter to analyse the associated distributional effects.

* Open UKMOD and access the UK policy descriptions.
* Copy the *UK\_2026* system and call the copy *UK\_2026\_ex2*.
* Open the child benefit policy (*bch\_uk*).
* Find the parameter name defining the benefit value for the first child.
* Check the default value for this parameter.
* In system *UK\_2026\_ex2*, replace the parameter so that the benefit increases by £10 per week.
  + Note that *#w* denotes weekly values in the model, so 5.00#w would indicate £5 per week.
* Save the above changes.
* Run both *UK\_2026* and *UK\_2026\_ex2*.
* Use the Statistics Presenter’s *Baseline/Reform* template to analyse the distributional effects.

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Step-by-step solutions and further information

# Step 1: Add a new system

* Open the UK model, by clicking on the UK country flag.
* To work more easily with the *UK\_2026* system, limit the display by right-clicking on the system name (*UK\_2026*), selecting *move to hidden system box* and then selecting *all systems but selected*.

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* Copy the 2026 system, via either of the following alternatives:
  + Right-click the system heading (*UK\_2026*) and select the option *copy/paste system*, entering the new system name *UK\_2026\_ex2*.
  + Select the *Country Tools* tab, and press on the *Add System* button, selecting *UK\_2026* from the list of options, and entering the new system name *UK\_2026\_ex2*.

# Step 2: Analyse the *bch\_uk* policy

* Use the *Search and Replace* tool to find the policy *bch\_uk*
  + Access the tool by pressing Ctrl+F or via the *Country Tools* tab, *Search + Replace* button.
* Right-click on *tin\_uk* and select *Expand All Functions*.

Figure 2: The search and replace tool

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Figure 3: The (expanded) bch\_uk policy

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* Consider the following questions:
  + At what level – individual / benefit unit / household – is the benefit evaluated?
  + What parameters store benefit values?
    - NOTE: parameter names in UKMOD start with a $
  + What is the benefit payable for the first child?
    - Hover over the parameter, or search for it in the spine.
    - NOTE: #w in EUROMOD denotes “per week”.
  + What variable name is the benefit stored under?

# Step 3: Implement the desired reform

We need to increase the value of the benefit payable for the first child from £25.45 to £35.45 per week. We can do this either by changing the value of parameter *$CBFirst* in the policy spine, or hard-coding the value in the *bch\_uk* policy. It is quickest here to do the former, but you might want to try implementing the latter.

Figure 4: Hard-coding a change in parameter value

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Figure 5: Saving changes to the model

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# Step 4: Run the model and analyse the output

In this step we run the model for the new policy set-up as described above and use the Statistics Presenter to generate summary statistics describing the distributional impact that the considered reform has on simulated output. These tasks are similar to those performed in Exercise 1.

Figure 6: Running the model

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Figure 7: Using the Baseline/Reform template of Statistics Presenter

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Figure 8: Selecting model output for analysis

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Figure 9: Inspecting results

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